The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1867. NO. 28.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

"REPUBLICAN" PLATFORM.

ADOPTED AT THE CONVENTION OF MARCH 27TH., 1867.

Resolved, That in view of our present political condition, our relations to the National Government and people of all sections of the country, we do this day, with proud satisfaction, unfurl the brilliant and glorious banner of THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, and earnestly appeal to every true and patriotic man in the State to rally to its support.

The splendid and patriotic record made by this great political organization, in standing by the general Government with an inflexible resolution, in carrying forward profound measures of statesmanship to a successful issue, and the powerful aid given by it in finally overthrowing and prostrating the most gigantic rebellion of ancient or modern times, should command the respect and challenge the admiration of every candid man.

Resolved, That the American Congress is eminently entitled to the protound thanks of the whole country for its persevering, persistent and heroic devotion to the great principles of human rights as enunciated in the Declaration of Independence; that in the name of the patriotic people of this State we feel warranted in cordially assenting to and accepting the reconstruction plan recently and finally adopted by that body, and to the end that peace and order may be permanently secured and every industrial pursuit resumed and encouraged, we pledge ourselves to use every fair and legitimate means to influence public sentiment to the nearest possible approach to unanimity on this subject.

Resolved, That we rejoice that the dogma long propagated, of the right of peaceable secession under the Constitution, has been forever overthrown by the majestic uprising of the American people, in crushing out the late rebellion by force of arms; and that the doctrine of the supremacy of the general Government has been established, and that the paramount allegiance of the citizen has been acknowledged as due to the United States.

Resolved, That we sincerely exult in the fact that as a nation we are now absolutely a nation of freemen, and that the sun in all its course over our wide spread country no longer shines upon the brow of a slave.—Without reservation, we heartily endorse the great measures of civil rights and impartial enfranchisement, without any property qualification, conferred without distinction of color, and that we are ready to unite in the early practical attainment of these inestimable privileges. Although the mortal remains of Abraham Lincoln now rest silently beneath the soil of his adopted State, yet his voice still rings like a clarion through the land, earnestly summoning every American citizen to the support of the great party of liberty and emancipation.

Resolved, That as the most potent and efficient means by which the South can speedily regain her lost prosperity, we earnestly advocate the spreading of knowledge and education among all men, and that to the attainment of this great end, we demand, and shall persistently and firmly insist upon, the absolute right of free discussion and free speech on all subjects of public interest.

Resolved, That we join in an earnest wish for the maintenance unfarnished and undimmed of the public credit and plighted faith of the nation.

Resolved, That in the maintenance of the position taken and the principles this day avowed, we earnestly invite the influence and co operation of men of all political persuasions, who regard and cordially support the recent action of Congress as a solution of our present political difficulties; that we deprecate partizan violence and desire peace and good will toward all men, and if in an open and fearless effort, which we propose to make on every suitable occasion, to persuade and convince the people that our highest duty and truest interest is to be subserved by maintaining the principles of the Republican party, an earnest interest should be awakened, it will be from no other cause than a rigid adherence to what we regard as a sacred right and a solemn public duty.

The following Resolution forms the only addition made to this Platform by the late Convention:

Resolved, That the Republican party of North Carolina on the subject of confiscation and all other matters pertaining to reconstruction, will faithfully adhere to and abide by the reconstruction plan and measures of Congress.

INAUGURAL OF GOV. HELM, OF KENTUCKY—ADDRESS OF GOV. BRAMLETTE.

Previous to the delivery of the inaugural of Gov. Helm, at Elizabethtown, Tuesday, Governor Bramlette in his valedictory referred to the financial and political condition of the State, and said;

"When I came into office the debt of Kentucky created before the war was $5,815,234.03. We borrowed and expended during the war, in support of our government, $4,653,592.50. This, added to the debt existing before the war, and unpaid when I came into office, makes $10,468,826,-62. Of this we have paid off all except $4,646,199.46. This amount includes all our present indebtedness created for internal improvements and school purposes and the debt created for war purposes. The school fund is made a permanent debt under our constitution, the interest only payable. Deduct it—$1,032,367,36—from the debt which is to be paid, and it leaves our present debt $3,013,902. To meet this we have in the treasury at this time $1,407,-947,91, and in bank and other stocks constituting the sinking fund, $6,103,294,50.—We also have a large unpaid balance due from the federal government for war expenditures, which is now being pressed for settlement." He spoke in terms of congratulation of the improved financial and general condition of the State, but proceeded to draw a dark picture of the future to result from the radical scheme of reconstruction.

Governor Helm, in his inaugural, referred to the Federal relations, and said:

"It is my proudest wish, most ardent hope and earnest prayer that all the States may be restored to their equal rights under the Constitution, and that the Union may be as lasting as time itself. Now, my countrymen, is the proper time to calm the troubled waters, to heal all wounds and dissensions, to restore concord and fraternity, and nobly to redeem the pledges which we voluntarily and frankly made at the commencement of our late and unhappy civil war.

"The authority of the Federal government is everywhere fully restored, and it is full time that the faith of the nation, so solemnly plighted, should be redeemed. Let us forget the bitterness of the past; let us forgive its errors, remembering that 'to err is human, to forgive, divine,' and that when we no longer keep the heel of military despotism upon the people of ten sisters, we may cry out against the oppression of England against Ireland, of Russia against Poland, of Austria against Hungary; but the world will think that we may well be silent until then."

Referring to the exclusion of the delegation he says: "The people of Kentucky have just cause to complain of the action of Congress in excluding from their seats the representatives from the State, who were duly elected in accordance with all the forms and requirements of law, and who had all the qualifications prescribed by the Federal Constitution."

He touched the negro question thus:—"The negroes everywhere throughout the United States have been emancipated—whether wisely or unwisely, it is needless now to say. It is an accomplished fact—a fixed, inexorable fact—and as such we should receive it. It becomes us also to see that the negroes are protected to the fullest extent in both their persons and their property. We should treat them humanely and kindly, and do all we can to better their condition, make them useful citizens of the State, and in my first message to the Legislature I will make some recommendations upon this subject. They must understand, however, that white men will rule Kentucky; we are not yet sunk so low as to consent to be governed by negroes."

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,

ALSO,

BEARD'S

Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,

THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR BALING COTTON.

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE.

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON

THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand.

For one Ton, and upwards to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 16-8-2m
Standard copy.

NORTH STATE IRON AND BRASS WORKS.

Again we beg to inform our friends and patrons that in the loss of our Machine Shops by fire we did not lose our FOUNDRY and PATTERNS, and that we have rebuilt

IN TWO WEEKS TIME

our Machine Shops—that we are now receiving

The Best and Most Highly Improved Machinery

that can be purchased. We are now prepared to furnish, upon short notice, all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

all sizes and descriptions of Forgings, and to finish and fit up the same in the best style. All kinds of repairing to Steam and Grist Mills furnished by us. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of

ONE AND TWO HORSE PLOWS,

and all the descriptions of Agricultural Implements used in this section.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Aug 6-305-tf

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA - MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

A. H. CENAS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES JONES, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
WARREN STONE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
T. G. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
J. W. MALLET, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry.
SAMUEL M. BEMISS, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.
STANFORD E. CHAILLE, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
FRANK HAWTHORN, M. D., Professor pro tem. of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY.

WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D., C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th, and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital, commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that now EVERY CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10. Payment required in advance.

For further information address
PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Sept. 2—22-2m Acting Dean.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!!

Bought expressly for PICKLING.
For sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 15-7-tf

FOR SALE,

At reduced price, one of H. L. Emery's Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of last season.)

WM. R. COX.

Raleigh, September 5—3d&w.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTING'S OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—20-tf FULLIAM, JONES & CO.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER

$16,000,000.

Income Over $6,500,000.

TOTAL LOSSES PAID OVER $6,000,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO ASSURED OVER $4,000,000.

NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE OVER 48,000.

The Connecticut Mutual Life INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Was organized in 1846. Its success has not been equalled by any other Company. It is organized upon the purely mutual system; it has no proprietary or Stock Capital; and the preeminent satisfaction, therefore, in the contemplation of its vast figures, is, that they denote not the enrichment of a *Corporation*, but present and coming blessing to *Thousands of Homes!*

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms.

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. E. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

Aug 14-6-tf

THE NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st, 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR, OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro.
E. NYE HUTCHINSON & Co., " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.
Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
Fine " Handled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.

ALSO,

Spirits Turpentine.

J. BROWN.
With HART & LEWIS.

July 27-299-tf

N. C. GROSS HERRINGS.

SOUND AND NICE.

Which we are selling at the exceedingly low price of $6.50 per barrel. They are far more economical than bacon at any such price as this. Almost every body ought to try a barrel of these.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Sep. 3—27-tf.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio,
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio,
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, viz. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,	
Mail Train,	8.45, A. M.
Fast Line,	5.30, P. M.
Express train,	9.45, P. M.
LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,	
Mail Train,	7.45 A. M.
Fast Line	4.30, P. M.
Express Train,	8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars, combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers on through tickets can stop at any point on the route, as through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western States*, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt. & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.

L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
B. & O. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," *No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City reference, will be promptly attended to, by addressing,

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We ar now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

July 25-297-tf

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill.—The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnance.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE, and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.
Petersburg, Va.

Aug 20-11-d2w&w1w
Charlottte Times copy as above

TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orrice "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low*.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF SINKING WELLS, OR THE NEW LABOR SAVING ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the state.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;
No. 2, $30,
WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston; Beaufort Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C

Important to Cotton Planters.

I HAVE UNDER MY CONTROL AN EXPErienced Machinist, sent by the Manufacturers, to set in order the CLEMONS, BROWN & CO'S COTTON GINS, which may need repairing. Application should be made at once to secure his services in time.

Also, now is the time to send in your orders for new Gins, that they may arrive in time for the growing crop. Price reduced 50 cts. on the saw, and only inland freight added.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent
Aug. 28 18 2w For Clemmons, Brown & Co.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

I am prepared to furnish any quantity of Choice Meal at short notice, and have constantly on hand FIFTY BUSHELS, at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 8-269-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, Va.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD, ... Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, so there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. L. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

REV. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-256-2w101 President.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d. Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 25-294-tf

THE SOUTHERN FERTILIZING COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA., are now receiving and preparing their fall stock of FERTILIZERS, an offer for sale in unlimited quantities CRUSHED

PERUVIAN GUANO,

selected from the purest cargoes imported, warranted pure and of the highest standard;

PHOSPHO PERUVIAN and OLD DOMINION,

prepared under the supervision of Professor WILLIAM GILHAM for the wheat crop, combining a large percentage of the Phosphates, with an adequate amount of Ammonia;

FRESH GROUND PLASTER.

Orders solicited.

JOHN ENDERS, President.
Office No. 104 Fourteenth Street.

Aug 17-9-2m

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
June 24-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. S. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.

JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-297-tf

NOTICE.

The DEAF section of the NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND will commence on Monday, the 2nd. day of September, 1867.

Any information in relation to the admission of pupils can be obtained upon application to me, by letter or otherwise.

W. J. PALMER,
Aug 15-7-1m Principal.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Logs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of

NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

July 19-294-3m

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS.

—AND—

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

Portsmouth, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandize.

Aug 13-5-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,

OIL PORTRAITS,

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10.00 per month,	$100.00
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00,
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00,
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,
L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

June 14-262-3m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, unfitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.

June 26-271-6m

LANDRETH'S

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat Dutch	Turnip.
" Red Top	Do.
" Snow Ball	Do.
Large Pomeranian Globe	Do.
" Norfolk	Do.
Purple Top Ruta Baga	Do.

Just received at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

July 24-296-tf

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable, No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. As an Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston R. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
For two months	2.00
Three months	2.50
Six months	5.00
One year	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " six months	2.5
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3 0
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1867.

THE USURPATION.

Amid the hurry and pressure of other events, we have omitted to lay the stress which it deserved upon the recent letter of Thaddeus Stevens, to which some allusion has been made in these columns, concerning the late temporary conflict of authority which arose between the President and Gen. Grant. The President's authority, as commander-in-chief over all subordinate military officers, is, Mr. Stevens says, the same now that it was before Congress passed the reconstruction bills, and, moreover, it must remain the same so long as the Constitution is not wholly disregarded. Mr. Stevens, as usual, says it is all the fault of the Senate that it is not otherwise. "Some of the members of the Senate," he says, "seemed to doubt their power under the Constitution, *which they had just repudiated, and wholly outside of which all agreed that we were acting, else our whole work of reconstruction was usurpation.*"

This is the whole truth in a nut-shell.—If the Constitution be the supreme law of the land, the whole work of reconstruction on which Radicalism has entered is a usurpation. Accordingly, Mr. Stevens has the candor and honesty not to attempt a frivolous excuse of Congress on the score of constitutional right. He meets the question on the only possible ground of argument, and says that Congress repudiated the Constitution and acted wholly outside of it.

The Congress which assembled at Montgomery, in 1861, acted wholly outside the Constitution. It assumed to execute its legislative enactments, not through the Constitutional Executive, but by military and civil agents acting in defiance of his Constitutional authority. This is precisely what the present Congress has done.—Its course is just as revolutionary, and, so far as its utterances go, it has just as emphatically declared that the Union no longer exists,—in other words that secession is accomplished. And this is the result of the "war for the Union"! The tables seem to be turned, and the former "rebels" are now the defenders of Constitutional government!

MILITARY POLITICIANS.—The New York *Herald* very aptly says that, before the war, "politics in the army were ignored by all true soldiers, and especially was this the case with the regular army. The officer who tarnished his epaulettes by descending from the lofty position of a soldier of the Republic to the petty bickerings, jealousies and revenges of party feeling, lost caste with his fellows."

That the reverse should be case, now, is, perhaps, the most melancholy evidence of the general degeneracy of the times. It is too often the case—though there *are* exceptions, and we have an honorable one in the Post Commandant in this city (and, we are led to believe, in the District Commander,)—that the officers of the army are not merely politicians, but partisans. The demoralization is so diffused, that many of those who are highest in authority, and who ought to set a better example, are the most conspicuous in the exhibition of their party prejudices. Even Gen. Grant, in a letter acknowledging an invitation to be present at the Jacobin Convention in this city, instead of rebuking, or at least declining to notice it, expresses his "utmost thanks" therefor, and pleads "business of an urgent nature" as an excuse for non-attendance.—And an ex-officer of the Federal army, who was a member of the late Convention, and who made a Radical speech in the affair of March 27th. last, while in the army, boastingly proclaimed that "it was told him (Gen. Grant) in most emphatic terms, that it was a Republican State Convention," and that it was "the first acknowledgment that he had ever made *to a political Convention!*" We deeply regret that it should have been his first; and we hope, for the sake of the honor of the army and the country, and of good example, that it may be his last. Otherwise, it will cease to excite surprise that officers of the army, on duty, should mingle in political assemblages or assist in operating party machinery.

The *Herald* adds:

"Congress, by the folly of its legislation, has almost wrecked the nation, and many of its most radical members are beginning to see the effects of the strokes which they have struck at its fundamental principles. They have set two great powers at work in the South to control that section—the negro and the soldier. To the negro they give the vote, and to the army they give military control of the country, while the negro rides into political power. The result is clear to impartial eyes. It means either a war of races, the extinction of white or black, or both, in the South, or else a strong military power to stand in the breach and hold the two clashing forces at bay. It means, then, ten years of military dictatorship over the five districts; ten years of political education for the army; ten years of marching towards a military despotism; and, as a resultant, the overthrow of the republic by the imposing of the same rule over the North that now exists in the South. The politicians have gone mad. The country must rise, through the votes of the people, and hurl back this wave that threatens to engulf everything."

ACCORDING to promise, we give, on our first page, the Platform of the 27th. of March last, which was re-adopted by the late Jacobin Convention, together with Col. Heaton's resolution, the only addition made thereto. As we have heretofore stated, it is a tissue of platitudes and generalities, which has nothing in it, either way. For the *real animus* of the Convention, it is necessary to look to the fact that resolutions favoring amnesty and opposing confiscation were *summarily voted down*, and that all the moderate and consistent Union Republicans have ignored, and are repudiating it.

AN OBSTRUCTIONIST.

In the Jacobin Convention, Mr. C. L. Harris, (the same who voted against allowing negroes to testify in the Courts of Justice,) offered the following resolution, which was referred to the "State Central Committee":

"That we do respectfully request the Commandant of this District to suspend collection of one-half the State tax imposed by the late rebel State Legislature, and to postpone the collection of the other half until the 1st January next."

Now, Mr. Treasurer Battle, in a late notice to Tax-Collectors, informs them that the District Commander had been urged to stop the collection (doubtless by such men as Mr. Harris) of taxes, but had declined to interfere. Of course, he did, and his successor will necessarily do the same, for the reason that the first Supplement to the Reconstruction Act expressly provides:

"That the Convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same."

Mr. Battle further states, in the advertisement referred to, that the funds in the Treasury will be nearly exhausted by the end of the present fiscal year, Sept. 30th.

And yet Mr. Harris, in view of the assembling of a State Convention, which he and his Jacobin friends requested Gen. Canby to order "at an early day," would leave the Treasury without the means to defray any of its expenses! For many expenses incident to the Convention must be met in advance of its coming together. This is his idea of carrying out reconstruction on the Congressional basis. The District Commander and the Congress will be apt to regard him as an "impediment." Congress will hardly, we fear, remove his disabilities, and allow him to vote and hold office.

"The rejection of these Resolutions, and the spirit manifested by the speakers, have awakened a feeling of protound distrust in the minds of loyal white men, and there is reason to believe that it will alienate them entirely from an organization which has given such strong indications of indifference, if not hostility, to their rights and interests."—*Register.*

Mr. Goodloe is, of course, referring to the resolutions reported by the Committee, through Mr. Pool, its Chairman, in favor of removing the disfranchisements from the white men of the State and denouncing confiscation as "repugnant to Republican liberty." It is well known that he advocated these resolutions in a speech of much power and fervor, but, so far as we can see from a cursory glance over the official proceedings, no allusion is made to it, while the violent and inflammatory appeals of the negro Mabson and "Mr. Cook, of Johnston," (we don't know whether he is white or black,) are spread out in full. Mr. Goodloe, in earnest terms, warned the Convention not to reject those resolutions, and said that the effect would be to array the races against each other, and to make the negro, for the time being at least, the political *superior* of the white man. But it was all of no avail.

The *Register* is right. No genuine, consistent, patriotic Republican will any longer affiliate with the Jacobins, now that their true and hideous front has been exposed.—We hear of frequent expressions of indignant repudiation of them by white and colored men, who have heretofore acted with the individuals who controlled that Convention. We can *name* many such in this City. The line of demarcation has been strictly drawn now, and we are glad of it.—We can see what is before us exactly. The issue is joined; and, on the one side, are arrayed all, (white and black, "Republicans," "Conservatives," and what not,) who are for striving to carry out the Reconstruction acts of Congress, nothing less, *nothing more*; and on the other, the malignants, the confiscationists, the proscribers, the Brownlowites and the advocates of negro domination!

"Mr. Alfred Stokes, of Wilkes County, took the platform and spoke as follows:

"I always feel happy, fellow citizens of North Carolina, when I come to speak to a large congregation, but as I am getting old and can't see very well, I can hardly tell whether these are all white people, or colored people."—*Official proceedings of the Jacobin Convention.*

Had your eyes been much younger, Stokes, the same difficulty would have arisen.

"Being born, too, in the month of April, certainly it seems to me I must be a natural-born fool. (Laughter.)"—*Report of Col. Peck's speech in the Jacobin Convention.*

This is the most candid man we have ever seen or heard of.

THE RESULT of the California elections is such as to inspire the friends of Constitutional Union with new hope and courage. Who shall say that the re-action has not commenced?

GENERAL GRANT A RADICAL.—The Hon. Burton C. Cook, of Illinois, and General Shanks, of Indiana, members of the Union Congressional Committee, had interviews with General Grant yesterday, during which political affairs were discussed at length, and that officer announced his unqualified endorsement of the Congressional policy of reconstruction. He also expressed his willingness to make his political views public, provided a proper opportunity should be offered. General Schenck, another member of the Committee, also had an interview with the General, with a similar result.—*Chronicle.*

The most significant intimation of the dire distress of the Radical faction is the sudden and unexpected return to this country of the great manager of election frauds, the editor of "my two newspapers, both dailies." His subordinates here were astounded last night by the announcement by telegraph that he had arrived in New York. The Radical leaders have discovered that there is work to be done that no one else can do as well.—*National Intelligencer, Saturday.*

The Legislature of Iowa, convened this winter, will elect a United States Senator to succeed the Hon. J. W. Grimes. Mr. Grimes is not to be a candidate for re-election.

Registration in Georgia has been completed and, contrary to expectation, the blacks are some two thousand in majority.

STATE NEWS.

——On the 27th. ult., as we learn from the Asheville *News*, H. A. McDonald, *President of the Union League* at Waynesville, Haywood County, shot two negroes. The *News* says:

"It appears that McDonald is a shoemaker, in the employ of another person, and had repaired a pair of shoes for a negro,, who in the absence of McDonald, had received the shoes from the owner of the shop. On his way from the shop, the negro met McD. who asked if he had paid for the work, and being told by the negro that he had not, he attempted to take the shoes from the negro, and a scuffle ensued. McD. drew a knife, and the negro armed himself with stones. McD. then ran into the house, got a shot-gun and fired at the negro, but missed him, and wounded two others standing by, in the neck, severely. He is now in the hands of the military."

——Jacob Blackwelder, who was tried and convicted of the murder of his wife at Spring Term, 1866, of Rowan Superior Court, his Honor Judge Mitchell presiding, and who, on obtaining a new trial, removed his case to Davie county, has, after a long and tedious trial, been acquitted on the plea of insanity and sent to the Insane Asylum in this city. The *Old North State* gives the following account of the trial:

"His Honor, Judge Little, we learn, charged the jury that if they found that the prisoner was insane at the time of the commission of the homicide, they should acquit, whether such insanity was produced by jealousy or not; whereas, it will be remembered that Judge Mitchell charged the jury, on the first trial, that although the jury might find that the prisoner was insane at the time of the commission of the homicide, if that insanity was caused by jealousy, they must convict.

Without expressing any opinion as to the question of law on which these two eminent jurists differed, we think that the opinion of Judge Little accords more with common sense and right reason.

The trial, we learn, occupied about eight days. Dr. Fisher, the very able Superintendent of the Asylum, was present and gave his opinion. The very remarkable feature in this case was, that a witness was introduced for the defence to prove his own insanity, having been cured in this asylum.

We learn that a report of the trial will be published.

The State was most ably represented by Mr. Solicitor Caldwell and Maj. Jas. E. Kerr of this place, and the prisoner was defended by Messrs. Boyd & Bailey, of this place, Col. J. M. Long, and J. M. Clement, Esq. We hear Judge Little spoken of in high terms."

—— We clip the following items from the Wadesboro *Argus*:

"On Friday last, Coroner T. H. Threadgill of this County held an inquest, in the Burnsville beat, over the body of Edmond Williams, a colored man, who died and was buried about the last of April, under circumstances that recently transpired that he had been foully dealt with. Some two weeks before his death he had a difficulty with another colored man named Bunk Staton, and in the fight that ensued was struck on the side of the head by Bunk with a mallet. As stated, about two weeks after the fight he died and was quietly buried.—The facts coming to the knowledge of the authorities recently, William's body was taken up and the skull was found to be badly fractured. The finding of the jury was that his death was caused by injuries received at the hands of Bunk. Bunk is at large."

"On Wednesday last an unfortunate difficulty occurred in the Northeastern part of this county, between C. C. Kirby and Calvin Haire, whites, during which Haire received a severe blow on the head from a rifle barrel in the hands of Kirby, from the effects of which he died on Sunday afternoon. It seems that Kirby had been drinking during the day, and, when under the influence of liquor, is generally very disagreeable. Kirby is at large, and is reported to have left the county on the day after giving the fatal blow."

——Capt. J. P. Dillingham, late Adjutant 2nd. N. C. Troops, has gone into the General Commission Business in Newbern. The *Journal of Commerce* pays him the following handsome compliment, which we heartily endorse. The Junior Editor of this paper served with him, and knows his excellent business and social merits:

"Our acquaintance dates back to the Spring and Summer of 1861. His record for the four years that followed was unexceptionable. Since the close of the war, Capt. Dillingham has been in Newbern endeavoring to reconstruct his fortunes. He is a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with business, and we have no hesitation in stating that all business entrusted to his care will meet with prompt attention, and judicious management."

THE SHIMITES.—We have in our mind's eye several very accommodating politicians, genuine Pilots, who are just at this time the most bitter and bolsterous Radicals to be found in the Union. Those worthies let no opportunity pass to denounce all who do not turn to the right and the left at their bidding, as infamous renegades, or disloyal secessionists. All this is bad enough in all conscience. But it is infinitely worse when these *new whelped* Radicals proceed to insult our memory and common sense, by asserting that they have always been Union men; and if, to give them the lie, their own words and acts, of but a few months back, are referred to, or quoted against them, they, with the *sang froid*, ingenuity and sophistry, worthy of a Machiavle, at once proceed to draw hidden meaning from language ever before thought honest English, and show that they, like an artful damsel, simply said nay when they honestly meant yea. But this indirect course was taken only to get a firmer hold on the darling of their hearts—the woman, or that which is the same in their estimation, a good fat office or salary. And still more astonishing,—it was the most exalted esteem and devotion to the Union that led them to seek and obtain office from the Confederate authorities.

Truly, if these creatures are right, words and actions must have been intended to hide one's thoughts and intentions; be this as it may, however, of one thing we are sure, there is not an upright man that treads the earth but feels more or less humiliated at beholding the self-imposed degradation of such public men, while they stand aghast at their superlative impudence and unblushing rascality. When we are compelled to witness such exhibitions, as we too often are pained to do, well may we fear—greatly fear—that common honesty has departed from the land in which we live. If such is to be the type and stripe of all our public officials and legislators in the future, under Radical rule, then farewell, a long farewell, to every thing like public virtue, good faith and honor,—again eternal farewell to all that makes a nation brave, high minded and honest, and preserves it from rottenness and decay.—*Greensboro Patriot.*

For the Sentinel.

LETTER FROM A GERMAN CITIZEN.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Your article in the *Sentinel* of August 30th., on immigration, should not only be read by every citizen of North Carolina, but they ought also to act upon the suggestions therein set forth.

There is not the least doubt, that it is only immigration which can substantially reconstruct the Southern States, as reconstruction, according to my theory, must come out of the soil, in the shape of produce; and that produce to be raised by more economical methods than formerly, and the land divided in smaller tracts, in order to accomodate such settlers as may not be willing to hire labor, but work themselves. North Carolina has hardly been known outside of its boundaries, as anything else but a region, where only tar, pitch and turpentine could be raised, with only one river running through its vast Territory, which, being named after its principal staple, (tar,) is uppermost in the mind of every one outside of the State.—Before the war, with every comfort around us, and a prosperous future before us, it made very little difference to the people here, how ignorant the outside world was, in regard to the immense resources of North Carolina; but now the tableau has been changed. In place of comfort, there is want; and unless the people of North Carolina take immediate and decisive steps to induce immigration to come to this State, in order to develop the resources so lavishly bestowed, the future will be darker than even the present, and gloom will settle itself more and more on the mind, where otherwise hope would encourage energy and enterprise.

Without an efficient and well-informed Agent, who, being fully identified with the Southern people, their wants, their resources, and the inducements they could offer to foreign immigrants, should, as you suggested, travel through Germany and countries where immigration could be induced to come to North Carolina, nothing will be accomplished. Especially at the present time, when Prussia is sweeping many of the minor German States to its territory, to the great dissatisfaction of those who are forced to acknowledge Prussia as the supreme power, an intelligent Agent could do an immense good amongst those thousands who are now selling their lands and property with a view to emigrate to the United States. The majority of this class of Germans are intelligent and well informed people, and will be able, when they come here, not only to purchase land in order to settle down and till the soil, but their intelligence and capital will discover other fields more remunerative and beneficial for themselves and the welfare of the State generally. We have here the raw materials in abundance, —minerals and water-powers. They will bring capital, energy and enterprize. This class of Germans wish to settle among civilization, and do not care to go to the far West, where everything is primitive, provided that inducements could be held out to them, and to show them locations where they could do better than in the far West; and for that purpose North Carolina needs an Agent who can make those proper representations to this class of Germans, with the view to induce them to settle in this State.

There is another great advantage, and a very important one, to be derived from immigration from various parts of Europe to this State: There is no doubt that every intelligent farmer in North Carolina feels the necessity of changing the old mode of cultivation to a great extent, which, if it has to be done by studying books and pamphlets, will prove a failure. Now a lot of emigrants from Hungary settle in North Carolina; they bring their mode of agriculture along with them, as carried out in Hungary. Another party of emigrants comes from Switzerland, and brings *their* mode of agriculture; another party comes from Wurtenberg; another from Hanover. All of them have their peculiar modes of agriculture, and, owing to the very large amount of population to the square mile in Europe, in order that they may make farming remunerative, they have to resort to the most economical and safest plans. Still, even here, when people are thrown together as above stated from various parts of Europe, the one will see that his neighbor's mode of raising potatoes is a better and more profitable one than his own, and, therefore, he will adopt it; another will find that his neighbor from Hungary is the most successful with his grapes, the rest will learn the cause of success and also adopt it; and in this way they will have the long experience from all parts of the old country; adopting which is the most profitable, and discarding all others which may have a tendency to retard their steps. This is the great secret which has made the Western States so great, and its resources so vast. Let it set an example to the farmers of North Carolina, in a practical manner, which they can at once adopt, as the results are directly before them.

I should therefore, propose, in order to carry out the views expressed in your article, that a Convention should be held in Raleigh, some time this Fall, of all those who feel the necessity to act with decision, and to devise means in order to commence at once, with the purpose to bring and induce immigration to come to this State. It is of the most vital importance, and for the best interest of North Carolina, that steps should be taken at once to secure advantages for her and its people, which surely can be reached by a large surplus of good emigrants.

A GERMAN CITIZEN OF N. C.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* says:

"Every State in the North to which it has been submitted has voted it down. Connecticut voted it down last year by 6,000 majority; New York voted it down in 1860 by 140,000 majority; Illinois voted it down in 1862 by 190,000 majority. In Pennsylvania and Indiana no party has the courage to submit it. Ohio will vote it down by a large majority this fall."

Prohibition does not work well in Massachusetts. The Boston *Advertiser* says that the Hubites who formerly drank by the pint now drink by the gallon, and that retail tippling is changed into wholesale drunkenness.

Advices from Oregon state that Mr. Williams, in making a canvass, is advocating negro-suffrage for the South, but none for Oregon. This is the Republican party idea of "equal and exact justice for all men."

THE IMPEACHMENT QUESTION.—We are glad to be able to state that the sentiment in favor of impeachment, that became so rife under the influence of the late remarkable course of the President, is subsiding rapidly.—*Washington Star.*

General Hancock telegraphs that he will avail himself of General Grant's order, issued some time since, to the effect that army officers ordered to Louisiana need not report for duty there before the 15th of October, owing to the prevalence of yellow fever.

NEGRO SUPREMACY.—How is the Indian war to be put down, when the Radicals employ nearly the whole army in establishing negro supremacy in the Southern States?

The Legislature of Tennessee will meet in October, and the first important duty will be to make choice of Senator to represent that State in place of Judge Patterson.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE,

A NEAT DRUG STORE,

AT CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

CAN BE BOUGHT VERY CHEAP. TERMS one half cash; balance in sixty and ninety days. Call and examine immediately, as the owner will leave in time to attend the Lectures in New York. Or address Box No. 52, Chapel Hill.
Sept. 9—28-4t*

Standard copy 4t and send bill to Box 52.

Southern Clothes' Washer.

MR. F. ELDER, OF CHESTER, S. C., THE Patentee, will be in this City for a few days, in order to give the people an opportunity of testing the merits of his machine.

He invites all who desire to see it, to call at the YARBOROUGH HOUSE, and, if desired, he will send it to their houses, where they can try it and satisfy themselves as to its merits.

County and State Rights for sale.

THIS is to certify that we have tested one of F. Elder's Clothes Washers, and find its merits equal to its claims. It is so simple in its construction, and easily operated, that all it requires is to be seen and tried, to recommend itself.

REV. R. C. BRICE, Chester, S. C.
C. S. BROWN, Propietor Boyden House, Salisbury, N. C.
Mrs. A. G. STACY, of the Mecklenburg Female College, Charlotte.
J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor of the Yarborough House, Raleigh.

Sept. 9—48-1w*

COTTON BAGGING AND BALING ROPE.

Extra heavy Bagging, Baling Rope,
Patent Cotton Ties, Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
H. L. Emery & Son's UNIVERSAL COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER.
The Georgia Gin, Gullet's Steel Brush Gin,
Lever and Railway Horse Powers, Cider and Wine Mills, Rimber and Leather Belting, Lace Leather, The new Labor-Saving Economical Pumps. MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-1t Newbern, N. C.

FOR SALE.

A most desirable Residence in the Western part of the City, adjoining the Presbyterian Parsonage. The House is new, contains four rooms and a large basement and cellar; with water and all modern improvements.

ALSO,

Fifty Acres of land, two miles west of the City, on the line of the N. C. R. R., will be sold in two separate lots, if required. Termseasy. For particulars apply to W. T. ADAMS.

Raleigh, Sep. 6—1m.

REMOVAL.

JORDAN & CARR,

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the

Drug and Apothecary Business

on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.

Grateful for past patronage, they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor them with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.

Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.

Physicians in the country may rely on them for pure articles.

Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.

WALTER B. JORDAN, } [JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m.

LOST SPECTACLES.

A pair of Gold Spectacles were dropped by a lady, on Sabbath evening, returning from the Methodist church. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at the Auction Store of JAMES S. TOWLES.
September 5—29-1w.

OATS.

25 Sacks of nicely cleaned OATS, on sale at FARMER'S HALL.

Also, prime FAMILY FLOUR by the sack or barrel.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
September 5—29-1w. Agent.

BALTIMORE FAMILY FLOUR.

Baltimore Family Flour "Locust Point"—just received and for sale.

ALSO,

A fine lot of FACTORY CHEESE, very cheap.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
Raleigh, September 5—tf

N. C. LARD.

Expected this evening.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
Raleigh, September 5—tf.

NOTICE.

Railroad Hotel Property at Raleigh for Rent.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston R. R. until the 16th inst., for the rent of of the Hotel Department, attached to the Joint Passenger Depot, at Raleigh.

The property will be rented to July 1st., 1868, and the successful bidder will be required to keep a first-class Table.

The privilege of rejecting any or all proposals is reserved.

JAS. ANDERSON,
Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Sup't R. & G. R. R.
Sept. 2—22-4d

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!!!

To-day receiving at my Store,
Southampton Hams,
Balt. Sides and Shoulders,
Refined Lard,
Family Flour,
Prime White Meal,
Sugars, all grades,
Molasses, Syrups,
Teas, Coffees,
Superior Whiskey,—to which your special attention is respectfully invited.
They will be sold low, and are warranted.
DOUGLAS BELL.
September 7—tf.

THE OHIO CORN HUSKER.

A Simple, Useful and Desirable Implement for Husking Corn.

Thousands have been sold and used in the North-West.

TIME IS MONEY.

Farmers, Try It.

SINGLE HUSKERS will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of 75 cents, or six for $3.

Boxes containing four dozen each, will be sent by Express, on receipt of order with the money, at $3.50 per dozen, or $4.00 for one dozen. Merchants, send your orders soon.

Address H. D. LOTT,
September 7—2w* Salem, N. C.

JUST PUBLISHED,

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC,

For 1868.

WE are now prepared to furnish the above Almanacs to Booksellers, Merchants and Dealers, in any quantity.

Orders will be promptly filled at $8 per hundred, or $75 per thousand.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Sept. 4—28-tf.

GOOD,

Fine old NASH BRANDY; Pure CIDER VINEGAR.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug 20-11-tf Wholesale Grocers

MEDICINES, &C.

THE BEST

BLOOD PURIFIER

In the World,

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS.

READ THE FOLLOWING

HOME CERTIFICATES

From Physicians.

We hereby certify that the Rosadalis is prepared by a Physician, who is an experienced Pharmaceutist and Chemist, and that his remedy is an efficient and reliable one in SCROFULA, Syphilis, &c., it having performed some remarkable cures in this vicinity.

W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.
S. W. KING, M. D.
Wilson, N. C., February 4th, 1866.

We hereby certify that we regard Dr. Lawrence's Compound Extract of Rosadalis as a Reliable Alterative, &c.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.
Wilson, N. C., May 10, 1867.

Edgecombe County, N. C., May 2d, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE.—*Dear Sir*—Please send me immediately per Express to Tarboro, two dozen more bottles of your Rosadalis. I have carefully examed its Formula, and have used it in my practice in a number of cases. I am well pleased with it. I think it, beyond doubt, the best Alterative I ever used. I have tried it in several cases of Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, &c., with much satisfaction to myself and patients. I have also used it in Secondary and Teritary Syphilis, [one a terrible case of eight years' standing,] in which it acted with surprising and satisfactory effect—making a quick and thorough cure. I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending it to Physicians and others, as the most reliable Alterative now known.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
A. B. NOBLES, M. D.

A Wonderful Cure of Scrofulous White Swelling.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify, that last September I was attacked with White Swelling of the left knee—and also with an enlargement of the glands of the neck—[one tumor reached a large size.] The swelling of the knee was enormous, and was attended with the most excruciating pains. I was so reduced that I was confined to my room for three months. My leg was so completely drawn up, that I could not bend it at all. I tried various remedies, and they failed to give me any relief. I was in this condition when I commenced taking Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis. The swelling in the knee and neck began to subside before I took all of the first bottle. By the time I took the second bottle, the swelling of the neck entirely disappeared and that of the knee nearly so. After taking three bottles I found myself completely well—able to walk as well as ever, &c.

LATIMER WILLIAMS.
Wilson, May 12, 1867.

Rosadalis will cure the very worst cases of Chronic Rheumatism.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

Wilson, N. C., May 6th, 1867.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis.

JAMES WILLIS.

Rosadalis cures Carbuncles, Boils, Pimples, &c.

Certificate from an old and much respected citizen of Greene County, now a resident of Wilson, N. C.

I hereby certify that, during the summer and fall of 1866, that I was severely afflicted with Carbuncles—having had as many as fourteen large Carbuncles, and twelve ordinary Boils. I suffered so much from them that I could not get out of the house half the time for several months. Being induced to try Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, I was entirely cured by the use of one bottle of that truly valuable medicine.

W. A. DARDEN, Sr.
Wilson, May 11th, 1867.

Consumption, in its Early Stages, can be Cured.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 4th, 1867.

Dear Dr. Lawrence—My daughter having been cured of a deeply seated disease of the lungs by your "Rosadalis," I feel it my duty to make the fact known to you for the benefit of others. She suffered nealy two years with a hard cough, which troubled her day and night; at last the emaciated form, glossy eye, night sweats, together with the cough, told too plainly that it was *Consumption*, beyond question, eating at her vitals. Our Physician's remedies brought no relief. She was advised to try your Rosadalis, as a tonic—which she did—imagine my surprise and gratification, when I found her appetite returning. Slowly she regained her strength, her cough and night sweats gradually ceased, and she is now, after taking five bottles of your medicine, apparently as well as ever.

Yours respectfully,
Mrs. E. ANN SMITH.

Rosadalis cures all Skin Diseases.

Salt Rheum Cured! Remarkable Cure!!

DR. LAWRENCE, Wilson, N. C.:

My Dear Sir—For the last ten years (until recently) I suffered with an inveterate eruption of the skin—called by physicians "Salt Rheum," with which I suffered terribly; the pain and itching was almost intolerable. I tried several of the best physicians in Europe and this country—have visited several celebrated Springs—spent thousand of dollars—and failed to get any better. In December 1866, being in Charleston S. C., I was told by a gentleman at the hotel, that he had been cured of a bad tetter by a medicine called "Rosadalis." I resolved to try it, without any hope though of its doing me any good. I procured a bottle of Messrs. King & Cassidey, and commenced taking it. Finding, to my surprise, that I was improving, I bought four other bottles: but before commencing on the last two, I found I was completely well—the disease having entirely disappeared.

Enclosed find "One Hundred Dollars," which please accept as a token of my gratitude. Why do you not make your invaluable Rosadalis widely known?

Your sincere friend,
W. T. SELTZER.

Major John W. Dunham, one of the editors of the Wilson "North Carolinian," says in the issue of the 20th April, 1867: "I believe from personal experience, that the Rosadalis is the finest tonic ever prepared."

Beware of Counterfeits.

See that J. J. LAWRENCE & CO., is blown on the bottle and stamped on the cork.

All Letters of Inquiry, &c., promptly answered.

Address
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Wilson, N. C.

Sent anywhere by Express on receipt of price.

For sale by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,
Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.
September 7—sowtm.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugrated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 197 Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Pool Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-30-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,

BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,

Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.,

237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
Sept. 2—22-1ow

THOMASVILLE (N. C.) SHOES.

We have a small assortment of those popular and excellent SHOES, consisting of

MEN'S KIP BROGANS,

BOY'S BUFF BALMORALS

WOMEN'S GOAT BALMORALS,

LEATHER BOOTS, &c.

It is our purpose to try to introduce these shoes into this market, and our present small stock will be increased from time to time with additional lots fresh from the Manufactory.

Let us encourage and sustain our own Manufactories, and we thus encourage and sustain ourselves. We warrant these shoes to be good leather, and free from paper, scraps and shavings.
Sept. 2—22-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

JOS. F. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 19-294-6m

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

37 Nassau Street,

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.
Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

WEBSTER'S ELEMENTARY SPELLING BOOK.

Always on hand. Price, per doz., $1.50.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Next door to Tucker's new Hall.
Aug. 29—19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

BEAUTIFUL MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, IN great variety just received at our new Book Store, next to Tucker's New Hall.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED:

100,000 Cigars.
2,000 lbs. Snuff, in papers, bottles and bladders. PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Aug. 29—19 tf Wholesale Grocers.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

100 Sacks N. C. Flour, Superfine, Extra, and strictly Family. PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-tf Wholesale Grocers.

BALE ROPE AND BAGGING.

236 COILS JUTE ROPE, hand spun; Bales Gunny Bagging, standard weight.
For sale by WILLARD BROS.
Nos. 29, 30 and 31 North Water St.
Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 27—17-1m

WANTED,

A GOOD MALE TEACHER, to take the general supervision and charge of the Male and Female departments of the HERTFORD ACADEMY.

A man of experience, and a native of the State, with good references, preferred. Apply to

D. F. DAUGHTREY,
Sec'y of the Board of Trustees.
Aug. 31—4w Hertford, N. C.

ON HAND

A FEW CANS (25 lbs.) White Zinc Lead.

ALSO,

Blue Parametta, 4 feet wide, for Top Linings.
J. BROWN,
Aug 17-9-tf With Hart & Lewis.

CORN.

1,250 Bushels CORN, arriving.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug 20-11-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

REGISTRATION.

	Whites	Blacks.
Gap Civil (Ashe Co.)	156	23
Harnett (1st. round)	509	263
Guilford	1,581	720
Dunsville (Wake)	139	116

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES *VS.* TOLAR, POWERS AND WATKINS.

FRIDAY, Sept. 6.

Isham Blake, sworn: Resides in Fayetteville; has been living there for sixty-three years. Was at the market-house the day Bebee was killed. Was under the market house at the time the shot was fired; don't know anything about the killing. Was called upon to act as Coroner by the Sheriff; summoned a Jury, which found a verdict on the second day. All the Jurymen signed the verdict.

[Upon a question by the Detence,—"Did any one of the jurymen request any instructions of you, in regard to their duties?" the Prosecution objected. The Defence then stated, that this witness, Isham Blake, was brought here for the purpose of discrediting the evidence of Samuel A. Phillips; of proving that he, Samuel A. Phillips, had sworn to a lie on his examination; and that though the Court had once given a decision upon a similar point, they saw no reason why the Court should not reconsider.—After a short consultation, the Court decided to sustain the objection.

To a similar question, an objection was made by the Prosecution; which was sustained by the Court.]

Is acquainted with the general character for truth of Israel C. Bond and William J. Brown. It is good.

Cross-Examined: Was at the market house about fifteen minutes before Bebee was killed. Saw Tolar, Leggitt, Nixon, "Monk" and Tom Powers there. Tolar was talking to Leggitt and Powers. Saw Bebee brought down stairs accompanied by the officers.—Saw some men rush towards Bebee, and it excited witness so much (he being old) that he turned around and left. Was afraid that some wrong was going to be done. Heard Hardie say "stand back, gentlemen, I will defend him."

After they got out on the side walk, witness heard a pistol fire, and then he turned around and went out of the eastern arch to the body of Bebee. Witness was then called by the Sheriff to act as Coroner. Witness did not ask who fired the pistol.

Re-Direct:—The pushing up of the crowd to see Bebee, after he was killed, was greater than the pushing of the crowd towards him in the market house.

While going up to see the body of Bebee, did not hear any exclamation as to who did it.

Questions by the Court: Don't think Israel C. Bond is a drinking man; don't know whether or not he belongs to any religious society. While Bebee was coming down stairs, or after he had come down stairs, witness heard no exclamation of "here he comes," "rally, boys;" or the like.

Court adjourned to Saturday, 11 o'clock, A. M.

[In the evidence of the witness Walter Watson, the name John McKay, brother-in-law to Samuel Phillips, should be Calvin McKay.

The inconsistencies of the weights will be reconciled when it is remembered that the witness meant *grains*, instead of *pennyweights.*]

SATURDAY, Sept. 7.

The Court met pursuant to adjournment; but, no witness being present, it adjourned to this (Monday) morning, 11 o'clock, A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—A neat and excellently stocked Drug Store, at Chapel Hill, is offered for sale on highly reasonable terms. Address Box, No. 52.

Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern: Agricultural Implements, Labor-Saving Pump, &c.

Southern Clothes Washer: F. Elder, Patentee, is, at present, in this City, at the Yarborough House. The certificate appended to the advertisement is a guarantee of the excellence of the invention.

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.—We are pleased to learn that the wonderful efficacy of this apparatus has excited so much interest in this community, that Capt. Hanes, the General Agent, has already disposed of several of them to merchants, and others. The Capitol, Asylums and Hotels, should all be supplied with them. Capt. H. has appointed Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co., as his Agents for this City and county.

DISTURBANCE.—There was quite a row in the Eastern suburbs of the City, on Friday night, between some colored and white soldiers and others, which came nigh proving a serious affair. The police, however, succeeding in arresting several of the parties. The soldiers were "turned over."

DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.—We are gratified to learn that this State Institution has commenced its Fall Term under favorable auspices. The number of pupils is about as large as usual, and Mr. Palmer and his assistants are doing all in their power to subserve the noble charity of the State.

THE TROTTING on the Park, near the City, on Saturday afternoon, was numerously attended and quite spirited, we learn.

For the Sentinel.

"WINDY BILLY," OF DAVIDSON.

The Colonel, statuarily,
Is a small man, verily,
And, also, intellectually,
He is dwarfed, most effectually;
While considered morally,
He is put up rather sorrily.
But taking him politically
And examining him critically,
You will find his guide is *golden*
Like that of any (H) old'un.

Q.

THE LATE SENATOR McDOUGALL.

The Albany *Evening Journal* of Tuesday says:

"In this city to-day, at No. 11 Park street, died James A. McDougall, formerly Senator of the United States from the State of California, and in his time one of the most brilliant and honored of the galaxy of American politicians whose talents gave bright promise of future eminence and usefulness. A few days since one of our most respected physicians, while visiting a patient in the vicinity, was called to enter the dwelling in question and see a sick man. He did so, and found a poor, broken wreck of humanity, tottering upon the verge of the grave, in the last stages of a dreadful disease. Despite the ruin, physical and mental, which this unfortunate presented, there were, at occasional moments, glimmerings of intelligence which showed that the wretched being had been something more than an ordinary man. When the physician left, he was informed that he had seen what was left of Senator McDougall. To-day the mournful drama is ended, and the curtain was dropped.—Senator McDougall was born in this city, and educated as a lawyer. At an early period in the history of California, he emigrated thither, and soon attained a high position by virtue of his remarkable talents. He was a member of the Legislature, and took a prominent part in the organization of the State. Afterwards, he served in the Federal House of Representatives, with great acceptance to his party and his constituency. In 1860, he was elected to the United States Senate. In that body he took a foremost rank. The same fervid eloquence which had made him a lion of the masses in California, rendered him powerful in the deliberative body; and some of his speeches will be long remembered as masterpieces of oratory. But a passion for strong drink proved his bane and the cause of his ruin. Since his retirement, his only public appearance was at a Democratic meeting in New York, where he was shockingly incapacitated. His subsequent steps have been rapid and certain towards the fatal end. The story is one too sad to dwell upon."

Among the literary lights who are to beam upon the country the coming winter are Dickens, Kingsley, Sketchley, Dumas, and Muhlbach.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. W. YORK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office, 40 Fayetteville Street.

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES IN THE COURTS OF WAKE, Chatham and Orange, in the Supreme Court, and the United States Circuit Court for North Carolina.

☞ Collections made any where in the State, if the claim, (principal and interest,) amounts to $500.

☞ Special attention given to cases in

BANKRUPTCY.

Refers to—Hon. W. H. Battle and Hon. E. G. Reade, Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

September 5—wtf.

FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS!

If sufficiently encouraged to justify us, we purpose keeping daily supplied with the Sea-side luxuries of the Best Fresh Fish, PACKED ON ICE. Also FINE LUSCIOUS OYSTERS, as soon as the weather becomes cool enough for them.

We expect a barrel of SPOTS, by Express, this evening. JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug. 31—21-tf

MRS. WINSLOW'S

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FAcilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:
215 Fulton Street, New York,
205 High Holborn, London, England,
441 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.

Aug. 30—20-eod6m

VINE HILL ACADEMIES,

SCOTLAND NECK, HALIFAX COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

Both of these institutions will commence Sept. 2d. 1867,—the Male under J. M. LOVEJOY; the Female under ANN LOVEJOY. A thorough course will be pursued in both. Boys will be prepared for College, or business.

The location is healthy, board reasonable, and the society as good as can be found in the State.

For particulars, address the undersigned at Raleigh, until August 25th.; after that time, at Halifax, N. C.

J. M. LOVEJOY.

Aug 8-209-5td4tw

Weldon State, Tarboro Southerner, Washington Index and Wilson Carolinian copy five times and send bill to J. M. L., Scotland Neck.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTING'S OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—20-tf FULLIAM, JONES & CO.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Saturday Evening Dispatches.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION, &c—THE CALIFORNIA TRIUMPH.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7, M.

In the forthcoming pardon proclamation four classes are excepted, as follows:

First, Those condemned or against whom legal proceedings are pending.

Second, Foreign agents of the Confederacy.

Third, Military officers above the rank of Brigadiers and Naval officers above Captains.

Fourth, Persons implicated in Lincoln's assassination.

The President has directed copies of his late proclamation to be sent to all who have taken the oath to support the Constitution, so that they may know officially what is required of them, according to that document.

San Francisco advices announce the election of the entire Democratic State ticket by about 9,000.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sep. 7—M.

Cotton quiet, 26½.

Turpentine 59.

Gold $1,42⅞. Virginia sixes, new issue, 50.—Missouri sixes $103¼.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7, M.

Cotton unchanged. Sales 10,000 bales.

LONDON, Sept. 7, M.

Consols 94⅛. Bonds 73⅞.

Monday Morning Dispatches.

RAILROADS AND FREEDMEN.

RICHMOND, Sept. 7—P. M.

Yesterday, a negro, named Howe, who had bought a first-class car through-ticket, from North of Washington, was put off the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac cars, near this city, having refused to ride in the negroes' car. He was about to sue the Company, but to-day the matter was compromised by the Railroad's paying $200 damages.

This is the first case where negroes have received damages in such cases.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept 7, P. M.

The President has instructed the heads of the several Executive Departments to furnish each person holding an appointment in their respective departments with an official copy of his proclamation of the 3rd inst., with directions to observe strictly its requirements for an earnest support of the Constitution and a faithful execution of the laws which have been made in pursuance thereof.

The President is said to be highly elated with the Democratic victory in California, and predicts similar results at the elections in the Atlantic States.

The latest returns from there show a Democratic majority in the Legislature, and thus cutting off all probability of a Republican Senator to succeed Conness.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, Sept. 7—P. M.

A pacific note has been issued from the Prussian foreign office, in which the recent note of M. Monstier, the French foreign Minister, is alluded to as highly satisfactory to the Prussian government.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7,—P. M.

The shipment of specie to-day was $673,080.

Drafts of the Bank of Kingston, in this State, were thrown out here to-day, on account of its President being a defaulter to the extent of $90,-000. The Treasury officials are investigating the matter.

The elections in Canada, yesterday, resulted in riots at Montreal.

RAIL ROAD DISASTER.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7, P. M.

The passenger train on the Naugatuck Rail Road broke through a bridge, near Thomaston, Conn., yesterday, and the baggage car fell into the river, carrying with it sixteen persons. It was swept over the dam and floated three miles from the scene of accident, when it was secured, but only five persons were found clinging to it. The others are supposed to have been drowned.

REGISTRATION IN VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Sept. 7—P. M.

Official returns from the whole State have been received at Headquarters. The total vote is 216,000; and the ratio of voters is 11 whites to 9 blacks.

The *Whig* has information that the Commanding General will order the election of delegates to a Convention, 104 in number, between the 10th. and 15th. prox.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 7,—P. M.

In assuming command of the Fifth District Gen. Griffin continues all the existing orders in force.

Gen. Ord telegraphs that Vicksburg is placed under quarantine.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7—P. M.

Cotton dull. Sales 800 bales. Middling uplands 26½.

Pork firmer. New mess $24,25@$24,50.

Gold closed $1,42⅛.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 7,—P. M.

Spirits Turpentine 53. Rosin quiet, $3@$6,50.

WESTERN N. C. R. R. }
JULY 24th. 1867. }

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the "Western North Carolina Rail Road Company," will be held at Salisbury, on the last Thursday [29th.) of August.

A special train will be run each way on that day for the accommodation of Stockholders *only,* who will procure tickets of the Agents.

R. F. SIMONTON, Sec'y.

July 29-w4t

COWAND & HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C. — R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C

aug10-3m

Price of Cotton Gins Reduced!

THE GEORGIA COTTON GIN AT $4,50 PER SAW.

THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE ABOVE Gins having reduced the price to four and a half dollars per Saw, we are prepared to receive orders for the coming season at this price. This Gin has been favorably known for many years, as the Taylor (Columbus, Georgia) Gin, and now as "THE GEORGIA GIN,"—one of the best in the market. MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

Aug. 27—17-1t Newbern, N. C.

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES, Horse Powers. H. L. Emery & Son's Universal Gin and Condenser, The Georgia Cotton Gin, Gullet's Steel Brush Gin, Ingersoll's Cotton Press, Lever and Railway Horse Powers, Cotton Bagging, Baling Rope, Patent Cotton Ties, Leather and Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, &c.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

Aug. 30—20-1t Newbern, N. C.

MITCHELL, ALLEN, & CO., NEWBERN, N. C.

Agricultural Implements; Carriage Material; Cotton Gins and Condensers; Cotton Presses; Horse Powers; Cotton Bagging; Baling Rope; Leather and Rubber Belting; Lace Leather.

Patent Labor-Saving Well and Pump.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

Sept. 2—22-1t Newbern, N. C.

NEWS BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

We extract the following items from the *Washington Correspondence* of the last New York *World* and *Herald*:

THE PRESIDENT AND GEN. GRANT.

The interview which General Grant held yesterday with the President has been the foundation to-day for a continuance of an unlimited amount of gossip and rumors. The different stories which prevail are best illustrated perhaps by two of to-day's Washington papers, one of which says that an open quarrel took place at the interview, while another declares that General Grant was not even present at the White House on yesterday. The simple truth of the matter was telegraphed you last night. No quarrel took place, no unpleasant word was exchanged; and, in fact, the interview was as pleasant and as ordinary as dozens which have preceded it. That General Grant and the President differ on some points regarding the enforcement of the Reconstruction acts is too well established to be repeated, but that they growl and snarl at each other, and call names, as some of the Radical correspondents telegraph, proves to be such absurd stuff that neither of the distinguished officials deem it necessary to dignify it with a contradiction.—*World.*

THE REMOVAL OF WELLS BY SHERIDAN.

An important document has just come to light, which furnishes a fitting commentary on Sheridan's act in removing Governor Wells. On the 20th of July, a letter, written by Senator Henderson in the Senate Chamber, and signed by Senators Morrill, of Maine, Howe, Ramsay and other leading Radicals, was addressed to General Grant, asking him to reinstate Governor Wells as Governor of Louisiana, in order that he might sign the Mississippi Levee bonds, and thereby give them sufficient validity to insure their negotiation. The full letter will soon be made public, the original of which your correspondent has seen.—*World.*

HAYTI—ANOTHER REVOLUTION.

Late advices from St. Domingo state that Cabral had been offered the Presidency of Hayti by various towns which had risen against Salnave. The office had not been certainly accepted, but Cabral is said to be on the Haytien frontiers. It was currently reported that Salnave was a fugitive, and the object of the proposition seemed to be a union of Hayti and St. Domingo.—*World.*

MOVEMENT FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF THE COOLIE TRADE.

A recent circular, issued from the Treasury Department, addressed to the principal collectors of customs on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the United States, instructs them to inquire vigilantly into all cases of violation of the laws in relation to the coolie trade, and to report infractions thereof immediately to the Department, as well as notify the nearest United States attorneys of the same.

RUMORS OF CABINET CHANGES.

The rumor is again current to-night that both Seward and McCulloch are soon to resign and make way for men more in accord with the President. Inquiry does not justify me in stating that there is now cause of difficulty calculated to hasten the resignation of these two officials. I can only report what has been so often announced before, that there seems to be little doubt that they will soon retire to private life, probably at an earlier day than most people imagine.—Among the parties named for successor to McCulloch are Cisco and a Philadelphia banker somewhat known to fame.—*Herald.*

THE ELECTION IN CALIFORNIA—THE REACTION.

The intemperance and violence of the radical party leaders and their organs are having their effect upon the country, and indicate a popular movement against the policy of negro supremacy. This is evidenced by the recent election in California; by the increase of the democratic vote and the great falling off in the strength of the Republicans in that State. California is slow to feel the influence of a political reaction. This was shown in the commencement of the rebellion, as well as in the subsequent issue between the President and Congress on the question of reconstruction. The fact that the Republican party in California was rent asunder by internal dissensions, and that the opposition vote has been materially increased, will materially influence the result of the elections in New York and Pennsylvania, and probably in Ohio. In the latter State the democrats have committed serious blunders and will be damaged by their own folly. But in Pennsylvania and this State we shall not be surprised to see a general reaction, and the entire overthrow of the party that is seeking to control the government by a coalition of the Puritans and the nigger.—*N. Y. Herald.*

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same

The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle its receiver to take rank as a scholar.

A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.

THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:

I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern, { Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. B. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics. { Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—Prof W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettres—President W. M. Wingate.

The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867.

Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22 00.

" " " Collegiate Course $30.00

Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15.

Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.

W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.

June 29-275-d1aw2m

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND, SESSION OF 1867.

The next ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first day of October, 1867, and continue until the 1st. of March, making a term of five months.

D. H. Tucker, M. D. Prof. of the Practice Med.
B. R. Wellford, M. D, " Materia Medica, &c.
L. S. Joynes, M. D. " Physiology, &c.
James B. McCaw, M. D. " Chemistry.
Hunter McGuire, M. D. " Surgery.
F. D. Cunningham, M. D." Anatomy.
E. S. Gaillard, M. D. " General Pathology, &c.
J. H. White, M. D, Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Every necessary means will be employed by the Faculty for the illustration of the lectures. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy.

Clinical Instruction at the Howard's Grove Hospital, the College Hospital, and the Richmond City Dispensary, located in the College building.

FEES: Matriculation $5; Professors' tickets, each, $15; Demonstrator of Anatomy, $10; Graduation, $30. Board may be obtained in Richmond at from $5 to $7 per week.

The Catalogue, containing full information, will be sent to those desiring it, on application to

L. S. JOYNES, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

uly 17-292-3t aw2ww2m

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. — BRANCH, SONS & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25½
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16½
" Fayetteville	10½
" Lexington	18
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	48
" Roxboro'	55
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	24½
" Washington	12
" Wilmington	25
" Yanceyville	11
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	27
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	58
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	22
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	22
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	136
Silver	131
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	48c
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25½
" Wadesboro	24½
" Wilmington	25
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	18
" Commerce	16½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	11
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9½
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-298-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	18@25
" BAL'T. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	30@35
COTTON	21@22
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 45@1 50
COFFEE	25@50
EGGS	15@20
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	$6 75@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 50@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	@1 75
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and in demand at above quotations.

Corn scarce and in demand.

Flour declining in consequence of quantity of new crop being brought to maket.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand, but prices firm under the influence of Northern quotations.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL. Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, AND FURNISHING GOODS, Boots and Shoes, and a fine assortment of Gent's and Boys' HATS, at greatly reduced prices, at

M. ROSENBAUM.

Aug 1-302-tf

HOUSEKEEPERS, TAKE NOTICE

I am to-day receiving

20 bbls. Patapsco Family Flour, (at the last and lowest price.)

15 bbls. Sugar, (excellent quality for preserving.)

10 sacks Prime Coffee, Rio, Laguyra, and Java.

Another lot of Refined Leaf Lard put up in 25 lb buckets expressly for Family use.

5 boxes Chrystal Starch, a superior article, and 20 half bbls. Family Roe Herrings, which I am prepared to sell at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

Aug. 31—21-tf

POMONA BUTTER.

Something exceedingly nice and sweet—far superior to anything we have seen in this market. Do pray send and get some of this.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug 21-12-tf

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address,

R. ANDERSON, Albemarle.

June 11-3maw*

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants, to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS, KENTUCKY JEANS, SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

HICKORY SHIRTINGS,

DENIMS, TICKINGS,

COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 CTS.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE ST., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.

Aug. 23—14-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

FALL GOODS!

"Time and Tide wait for no man."

NOTWITHSTANDING WE ARE NOT YET in our New Store, we are receiving a

SEASONABLE SUPPLY OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' Dress Goods, Gents and Boys' Wear, Bleached and Unbleached Domestics, Cambrics, Towelings, Diapering, &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And ten thousand and one articles unnecessary to advertise.

Our Stock will be complete and kept so during the Fall.

Until we move to our New Building, we shall continue bringing in Fresh Supplies to our present stand.

Remember our motto,

"Quick sales and small profits," and "The best goods at the lowest price."

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Raleigh, Sep. 3—23-tf.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street,*

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson, Orders promptly executed.
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull, HULL, ATKINSON & CO.
S. Harris Hopkins.

September 4—28-2m*

COOKE'S HOTEL.

RE-OPENED BY HIMSELF,

is now ready to accommodate the Travelling Public, and those of the City wishing Board by the week or month. My terms will be moderate.

GEO. T. COOKE.

Sep. 3—27-1w.

☞ Standard copy.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS HOTEL, HAVING BEEN RE-BUILT, in part,—twenty rooms having been completed and neatly furnished, will be re-opened for the reception of the Travelling public, on this day, September 3d.

The old friends of the former Exchange, and the public generally, are cordially invited to call and see, and be entertained with good accommodations, good fare, on moderate terms.

W. H. CUNINGGIM, Proprietor,

September 3—27-1w.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN ROADS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $295,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go *via* Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty *via* Weldon, and eighty *via* Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

To ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling, and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, *via* our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs,
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and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN, FREIGHT AGENT,

Aug. 31—21-tf Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY DIRECT LINE BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

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It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five Steamers each week to and from New York

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Aug. 31—21-2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Cheap Cotton Press.

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr. P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement, and more. I think it superior to any other mode of packing Cotton, and saves both time and labor.

W. R. SMITH.

I have used the above mentioned Press, and consider it the best I ever saw for packing Cotton.

THOS. J. VAUGHAN.

I have packed about 100 bales of Cotton with Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press, and take pleasure in recommending it to the farmers as a great labor-saving machine. It does not cost more than half as much as a Screw, and is worth twice as much.

It is so convenient, and takes fewer hands to do as much work as a Screw. I would pay the price of a Press, rather than allow a man to put up a screw on my place for nothing.

D. EDMONDSON.

I have used the above mentioned Cotton Press, and it does better than a Screw. Takes less hands, does not waste Cotton, and is much cheaper.

J. H. CURRY, Sup't W. H. Smith's Plantation.

I have packed about 70 bales with Godwin's Cotton Press, and am certain it is the best, cheapest, most compact and durable Press in existence, costing only half, at first, and lasting twice as long as a screw.

PETER E. SMITH,

I have never seen the Cotton Press of Mr. Jno. H. Godwin at work, but have no doubt, from the certificates of the gentlemen above, that it performs all they say of it. I know them to be gentlemen of character and veracity, and that their statements are entitled to credit.

RICHARD H. SMITH.

The last name is one of our most honorable and respectable citizens, well known as a former member of the Legislature. I offer this PRESS as combining more advantages for packing than any now in use; it is adapted to large or small farms, and is so simple and cheap, that any good mechanic can build it. It is well adapted to

WATER-POWER.

It is 10 or 11 feet wide, 3 feet and 3 inches thick; top of frame above ground, 16 feet; highest point of Lever, 18 or 19 feet. The platform on which the bale is turned out, is 10 feet above ground.

Length of box, 10 feet in the clear.

Length of bale 5 feet, by 2 feet 4 inches. Weight 500 or 600 lbs. It is put up flat against the Lint Room, thereby preventing the scattering of the Cotton and need of baskets.

The Press is chiefly built of scantlings.

The Inventor has spared no pains in his experiments to make it practicable, convenient and cheap. I charge

$25 for a Single Right.

The total cost, including cover and everything, is about $150. Much of that, farmers are not in the habit of including as cost.

I think I can sell County rights at about $10 by the hundred.

For further information address

J. H. GODWIN, Scotland Neck, N. C.

Aug. 31—21-tf

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART.

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GROCERS,

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A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, SHOES, BIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.

Aug 27-11-6m

1867. FALL TRADE.

BUILDERS' LOCKS, Butts, Hinges, Screws, Shoe-Nails, Finishing Brads, Mackrell's Blind Fastenings, Hollow Augers and Bitts, Mule Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Copper Rivets, and Burs, with a general assortment of Hardware and Cutlery.

J. BROWN, for HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, Sep. 4—28-tf.

THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1867.

"I Thank Thee, Jew."—The following admirable anecdote is from Breslau, and is of recent date. Not long since an elderly man, with bare-head, stood in an eating house, surrounded by a crowd of people. The landlord held the man's hat and cane in his hands, and an impudent waiter stood between the guest and the door. The confusion of the old man was indescribable. He seemed to be for the first time in such a scrape, said nothing, looked down on the ground and with difficulty restrained his tears, while all round mocked and jeered him. Just then a poorly dressed Jew, with a long white beard, entered, and enquired what it all meant, and with an expression of almost feminine curiosity. He was told that the man had eaten and drank, and now that he must pay, he searched his pockets in vain for money. "Well," exclaimed the Jew, "I see the old man for the first time, but I'll be bound he did not come here to cheat. And landlord, if he had no money to forget, couldn't you for once give a poor man something to eat, for God's sake?—How much does he owe, anyhow?" The debt was eight silver groschen, and the Jew paying this, took the poor old man by the hand, and led him to the door. Those present did not seem to enjoy the reproof which their brutality had received, and one insolent fellow cried out: "Hey! Jew, what have you done; this is the Sabbath, and you have touched money? [This is forbidden to the Israelites.] "You are right," answered the Jew. "Just now I forgot that I was a Jew, just as you forgot that you were Christians. But you may rest easy on my account; I understand my commandment which says, 'Honor the Sabbath day and keep it holy.' Just get some school-master to explain it to you, and if he is a reasonable man, he will agree with me. Good deeds have no Sabbath." And with these words the good man left the room.

New Styles in Chignons.—Chignons, which are still worn rather large are now placed right on the crown of the head; the hair at the upper part of the neck being ringlets, or else arranged to form a bunch of curls, in which case a "natte" of hair is usually disengaged from the upper part of the chignon, and allowed to fall loose behind, or on one side over the shoulder. The front hair is worn very much over the forehead, and at times nearly touching the eyebrows. It is either frizzled or waved, or heaped up with curls, generally about two and a half inches in length, and tapering at the bottom, and is puffed out by means of crepes. Chignons are worn in a variety of shapes, sometimes composed of large plaits, or of a number of small curls, secured by an invisible net, and at others of one long curl coiled round and round, like a piece of rope. Occasionally the back hair is tied up in a bow, or made up into longer horizontal curls. One peculiar way of wearing the hair is to turn it from the back of the neck towards the right side, where it is fixed in a slanting direction with a handsome comb or bow of ribbon, the ends of the hair being allowed to curl round the chignon towards the opposite side of the head.

The Cincinnati Methodist Conference was startled one day last week by a joke from the Chair. The Rev. Mr. Dustin rose to speak. The President recognized him as "Brother Moody." "My name is Dustin," said the reverend on the floor. "I beg your pardon," said the President. "I am so accustomed to recognize Bro. Moody that I spoke without thought." We are not told whether Mr. Moody joined in the "loud laughter" which followed.

Solon Robinson, in the agricultural columns of the *Tribune*, says: "Clover is to farming what faith is to religion. One may go through the whole list of manures and good works, and must come to clover and faith at last."

A citizen of New Hartford tells that the first time he attended church, he, a little four year, was seated in a pew. Upon his coming home he was asked what he did in church, when he replied, "I went into a cupboard, and took a seat on the shelf."

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES.

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Merser, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Family Grocer.

April 3—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Aug 5-304-2awlm

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NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C.
R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C.

aug26-2m

RECONSTRUCTION,—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

Section 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

Section 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

Section 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

Section 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

Section 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

Section 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

Section 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

Section 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

Section 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

Section 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

Whereas, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof: that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."
which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to r presentation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EXTINGUISHER.

A New Patent Fire Engine!



BY MEANS OF THIS invention the devouring flames can be subdued in less time than is required to write this notice, and thus your

Houses, Stores and Furniture,

and other valuables may be saved when they would be destroyed before a Fire Company could be summoned.

Always Ready, Powerful and Prompt,

this little Engine is capable of being used at any time, by any person, and in any place, and consequently, of subduing a fire at the moment of its discovery even though it has already made alarming progress. The great damage usually done by the application of a large quantity of water by an ordinary Engine is almost entirely avoided by this process, as it is not the water which extinguishes the flame, but

Carbonic Acid Gas,

with which it is impregnated. It is

VERY SIMPLE IN ITS OPERATION,

the mere turning of a small tap putting it into complete operation without the slightest danger to life, health or property. It may be kept charged and

Ready for Instant Service,

and it need not be re-charged for months, or even for years—is so light that any person can carry it with the greatest ease, to any part of a building that may be on fire.

Entirely Self-Propelling,

it requires no skill to manage it beyond what is necessary to direct the stream by means of a flexible tube.

The Extinguisher occupies no more space than a bucket of water; weighs, when ready for use, 75 to 95 pounds, is strapped to the shoulders and carried on the back with the greatest ease. It extinguishes fire promptly on Rosin, Tar, and other inflammable material, where water produces no effect.

Wherever this Extinguisher has been tried it has proved

Entirely Successful.

The following from a leading New York paper will show its vast utility in a great city; and on **Railroads, Steamboats**, and in **Machine Shops, &c.**, it must be invaluable.

Tiffany's Great Jewelry Store, N. York—*Saved by the New Patent Fire Engine.*—Between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out on the fourth floor of Tiffany's Jewelry Store, No. 550 Broadway. The fire occurred under a workbench. The flames extended to the fifth floor.—The fire was discovered by a private watchman employed on the premises. Several clerks who slept in the building attempted to extinguish the flames, but were unsuccessful. An alarm was then given, and the fire patrol put out the fire with a Patent Fire Extinguisher. The damage to property was only about $200—insured at the Fireman's Insurance Co.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Address

LEWIS C. HANES,
Agent for the State of North Carolina,
Lexington, N. C.

Aug. 23—1t

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Rev. R. Burwell, John B. Burwell, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address.

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON.

Charlotte, July 12-288-3tawtOct 1.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR

OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
18 Fayetteville St.

April 29-224-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N.C.,
JOHN H. HYMAN, of Scotland Neck, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandise,

No. 24, Exchange Place,

NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

Refer to—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY

PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address.

JOHN B. GRETTER.
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
Sole Agent for N. C.

June 26-271-3m

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, EBEN YOUNG, SPENCER SCOTT,
A. S SHAFER. A. L. SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

May 15-1867

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.

May 31-250-tf

Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and ngers.

mar 29-198-6m.

W. J. Hawkins, J. J. Thomas,
B. P. Williamson, C. M. Hawkins.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

Near Exchange Place, BALTIMORE.

We beg to refer by Permission to

George W Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren*,
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W. Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*

Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbling, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook. Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick. Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactury.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
President.

Charlotte, May 30-250-4m

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist.

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-228-eodly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames.
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-168-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL.
Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 1-302-tf

MRS. RANSOM'S

FEMALE SEMINARY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.

The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.

The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.

French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.

For particulars, apply to
Mrs. ROBERT RANSOM,
Principal.

Aug 9-310-2m

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDKFS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.

Aug 8-309-tf

GREATER BARGAINS

THAN EVER.

COME, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF OF THE fact.

5000 yards of all the latest, and most desirable styles

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

at greatly reduced Prices.

3,500 yards of bleached and brown

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

at prices to suit the times.

6,000 yards all desirable and fast color

PRINTS,

almost given away.

Hosiery and Gloves
Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons and Trimmings,

together with a fine assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention,—all to be sold at rates to suit everybody.

Miles & Son's, and other makes, of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES and BOOTEES,

at greatly reduced prices.

M. ROSENBAUM,
No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Aug 1-302-tf

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, Md.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling Southern Boys, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful.—The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every case is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

Rev. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

Refer to Bishop Atkinson, and the Clergy of N. C; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala; Bishop Wilmer, of La; Gen'l Jos. E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.

July 20-295-3m

FARMER'S HALL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

In store, at manufacturers' prices with freight only added:

Sinclair's 20 Inch Wheat Thresher,
" Dixie Wheat Fan,
Clemmons, Brown & Co's Cotton Gin,
Sinclair's & Smith's celebrated Cutting Knives,
March's Cotton Plows and Corn and Cotton Cultivators.
Smiths' New Coulter Corn Cultivators,
Richmond Kentucky, No. 9. and T. S. Plows and Castings.
Scully's Improved Apple Mill, and Cider Press &c.

Orders for any implements solicited and goods sent to any point on the Rail Roads.

JAMES M TOWLES,
Agent & Commission Merchant.

July 16-291-tf.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc., all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies, $7 50; five copies $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each with the first premiums to each subscriber.

Address

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together, $4, with the premiums for each.

mar-18-187-tf

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

SAVE LABOR & MONEY BY

BURNING

COAL!!!

PERSONS WHO INTEND USING COAL DUring the

COMING WINTER

will find it greatly to their advantage to supply themselves without any unnecessary delay.

All orders given me will be filled promptly and in such manner as to give entire satisfaction.

For price, &c., apply at my Store on Market Square.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 9-310-tf

1867, FALL TRADE. 1867.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FRESH SUPPLY OF

BUGGY MATERIALS.

RIMS, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts, Dash Leather, Enameled Muslin, Drilling, Canvass-Duck, Moleskin, Oil Carpeting, with a general assortment of other materials.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads.

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.

Aug 12-313-tf